ISLE OF WIGHT COUNTY PRESS Sat 4th March 1916, page 8

MILITARY FUNERAL.---The funeral of Pte. Alban TULLY, R.M.L.I., an exchanged prisoner of war from Germany took place last Thursday. The deceased, who was 28 years of age, was the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. TULLY, of Marlborough-road, High Park. He was captured by the Germans at the fall of Antwerp, and after several months prison life in Germany, returned to this country in the late Autumn of last year. Since then he had been in a London military hospital suffering from the effects of his treatment in Germany, and he died on Saturday. This is the second son Mr. and Mrs. TULLY have lost in the war, their youngest son, who was in the 2nd Hants, having been killed at Suvla Bay.

The first part of the service was held at St. John's Church, the Vicar (the Rev. Wilson PEARCE) and the Rev. H. HOLE officiating. The band of the 2/8 Hants, and a firing party from the same battalion, besides a party of Marines, attended. The buglers from the 2/8th Hants sounded the "Last Post."

The chief mourners were Mr. and Mrs. TULLY (father and mother), Sergt. Thomas MILES, R.E. (cousin) and Mrs. MILES, Miss Mildred JAMES, Mrs. LIGHT, Mrs. F. R. JAMES, Miss Hilda JAMES, Miss May MILES, and Miss STAY.

ISLE OF WIGHT COUNTY PRESS Sat 15th April 1916, page 7

RYDE MAN STARVED BY GERMANS.—Captain Douglas HALL, M.P., will ask Mr. BALFOUR if Private A. C TULLY, Royal Marines, died at Millbank Hospital recently, weighing only 5 stone compared with the 14 stone when he was taken prisoner by the Germans at Antwerp; if he is aware that TULLY was starved, ill-used, and knocked about at Doberitz, and finally sent back to England about the middle of February in a dying condition, and that he actually died within a fortnight of his return. Pte. TULLY, whose body was brought to Ryde for interment, was the son of Mrs. TULLY, of Marlborough-road, High Park.

LEITRIM OBSERVER Sat 29th April 1916

A TERRIBLE STORY BRITISH MARINE KILLED BY GERMAN NEGLECT

The terrible story of Private A. C. TULLEY, of the Royal Marines, who was a fourteen-stone man when taken prisoner by the Germans and weighed only five stone when he died, aroused indignation in the House of Commons.

Mr. Herbert Samuel, said it appeared from TULLY's statements that he was confined in the camp at Doberitz and that after working in the wet he had no means of drying his clothes and could get no underclothes. In July 1915 he got rheumatic fever through going on daily fatigue duty, getting wet through and having no change. He was sent to hospital, and after five weeks was convalescent and was sent to another camp called Dyrotz, about four miles from Doberitz.

He had to carry all his kit on the march and broke down. He was never well after that. A little later he was put into hospital at Doberitz, where he had no treatment at all and had to depend on an English prisoner, one of the patients. They had no drugs. When he arrived in this country he was in an advanced stage of consumption and extremely emaciated. He died in hospital a fortnight after his arrival.

The Medical Board, who reported on his condition, stated that it was due to exposure and insufficient food and clothing while a prisoner in Germany. TULLY stated that the conditions in the camp had much improved before he left it, and other reports confirm this. This improvement seems to have resulted from the efforts of the American Ambassador.

There was no record of any other prisoners of war released from Doberitz Camp having died since their return to this country.

Many thanks to Tom Burnell for the above article from the Irish Newspaper
